Teaming Pursuit

Owner

Project

Partners

Teaming agreements

Walking away





Understand the Owner

- Important part of go/no-go and risk mitigation
 - Are they new to Design-Build?
 - How do they score and select best value?
 - Do they value innovation and promote it?
 - Do they pay stipends?
 - How do they manage it (owner's rep)?



Understand the Project

- Important part of go/no-go and risk mitigation
 - Is it a good candidate for Design-Build?
 - Appropriate level of design
 - Innovation potential
 - Minimal third party risks
 - Avoid risk shifts
 - Likelihood of moving forward—is it funded?
 - Can you be a differentiator?



Picking a Contractor Partner

Meet the new boss!





Picking a Contractor Partner

- Most important decision you will make
 - Do your due diligence
 - Reputation with the Owner
 - Experience with DB
 - Bid history
 - How do they treat consultants? Subcontractors?
 - Are they in it for the long haul?
 - Culture and values



Teaming Agreements

- This needs to be in place before you start spending money
 - Lots of unknowns
 —that is okay!
 - Set expectations on both sides
 - Make sure the Contractor understands your deal breakers
- The longer you go, the harder it is negotiate





- Key staff commitment
 - This works both ways
- Schedules
 - Agree to jointly develop a CPM schedule
 - Be clear on responsibilities
 - Contractor responsibilities
 - Owner responsibilities
 - Designer responsibilities
 - Submittal reviews and re-submittals are often out of your control, discuss this



- Responsibility for quantities
 - Lots of good teaming agreement language available
 - Avoid developing quantity estimates
 - Not a good place to be helpful
 - Generally need common understanding that design is preliminary and will undergo further development as part of the process
 - Work with the contractor to develop a risk register and discuss likely areas of quantity growth
 - Carry contingencies in quantities and schedule



- Commercial Terms...we did say profitable
 - Multipliers
 - Pre-award
 - Post award
 - Success fee
 - Sweat equity
 - Proposal preparation and costs
 - Changes in procurement schedule = additional costs
- What happens if you can't agree on price?



- Insurance limits
 - Project specific policies
- Overall limit of liability
 - Difficult to negotiate
- Indemnification
 - Mutual
- Schedule delay/liquidated damages
 - Importance of CPM schedule
 - Assessed damages



- Termination clauses
 - Really important as you are often signing well before advertisement
 - Discuss the types of issues that would result in termination on both sides
 - Understanding of owner is really important here
- Failure to submit for convenience clause
- Standard of Care



Walking Away

- Approach it like a program
 - Develop internal protocols and follow them
 - Be clear on who can make teaming decisions
 - Decide the type of risk you are willing to take and stick to it
 - Every bad "go" decision affects your profitability, these are expensive pursuits
 - Proposal costs
 - Reduced multiplier work
 - Opportunity cost
 - Balance your costs against ability to make better multipliers



Execution Phase

Partnering Scope of Work Schedule Management Quality Control Why bother?





Partnering

- Contractors are people too!
 Be a good partner
- Build some trust
- Remember: If the contractor is losing money, everyone suffers...





Partnering

- Think like a contractor and an engineer
 - Extra work is extra work
 - Put them on notice, even if it is Day 1
 - Remind them of your fee negotiation
 - They will often push back, especially early in the project when design work is happening
 - Don't kick it down the road, time is not your friend
 - The number of submittals matters and will cost money



- You need a detailed scope of work
 - Use it as a tool to reinforce issues that may have been problematic in the contract
 - Define roles
 - Assumptions
- The scope from the RFP is not good enough





- Define the role of the Contractor and hold them to it
 - Constructability reviews
 - Sequencing and phasing
 - Responses to agency comments
 - Approval of design submittal, design changes
 - Review submittals for cost implications vs. the bid
- Contractor requested design changes
 - After preliminary design, this costs money
 - Generally making changes to save cost or schedule, they should include your costs in this evaluation



- Reliance on standard specifications and details
 - Deviation from standards takes time and effort
- Early release for construction process
 - Define the packages as part of your scope
 - Additional early release packages require additional compensation





- Construction phase work
 - Non-conformance reports and support (exclude this)
 - Shop drawing review
 - Field presence
 - Define a level of expectation and manage to it





Schedule Management

- Understand and agree with the baseline schedule
 - If that is unreasonable, you are doomed to fail
- Review all schedule updates carefully
 - Provide comments and document them
- Ensure reasonable assumptions are used
 - Number of re-submittals
 - Owner review
 - QC process included
- Understand the critical path (Be a good partner!)
 - Find ways to save time
 - Consequences of not meeting schedule are much more severe



Quality Control

- You need to actually read and follow the quality plan you submitted!
- Be clear on roles
 - Responsibility for construction quality
 - Safety
- Have someone who is sufficiently scary perform audits
 - Document everything





Why Bother?

- Probably can't avoid it...the industry is continuing to do more alternative delivery
- Can be more profitable than your standard agency work
- Makes you better engineers and will improve your performance on all types of delivery methods

